

# Diamond-like carbon thin film deposition using low-energy ion beams

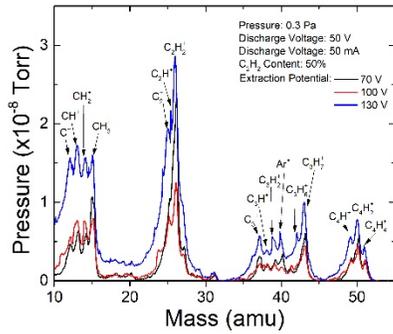


Figure 1. Mass spectra of Ar:C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> plasma at 50% C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> content and various  $\varphi_{ext}$ .

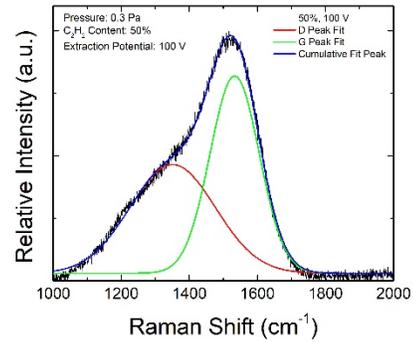


Figure 4. Sample deconvolution of DLC Raman spectrum at visible light irradiation (532 nm). D and G fits and peaks are labeled respectively

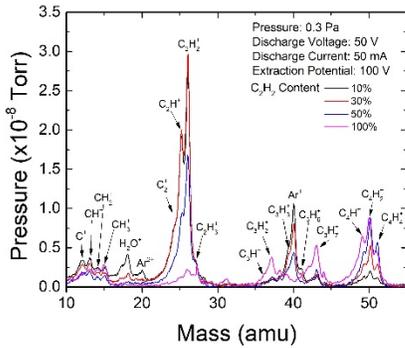


Figure 2. Mass spectra of Ar:C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> plasma at  $\varphi_{ext} = 100$  V and various C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> content.

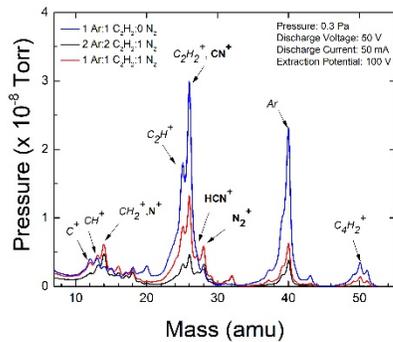


Figure 3. Mass spectra of the Ar:C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>:N<sub>2</sub> plasma at  $\varphi_{ext} = 100$  V and various N<sub>2</sub> content.

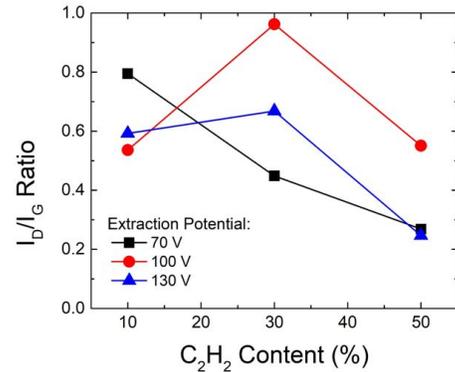
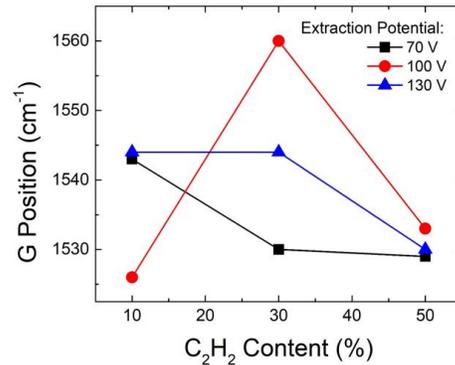


Figure 5. G positions and I<sub>D</sub>/I<sub>G</sub> ratios calculated from the deconvoluted D and G peaks acquired from the Raman spectra of films illuminated using visible light.

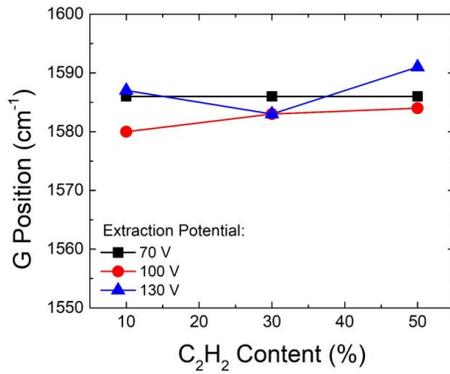
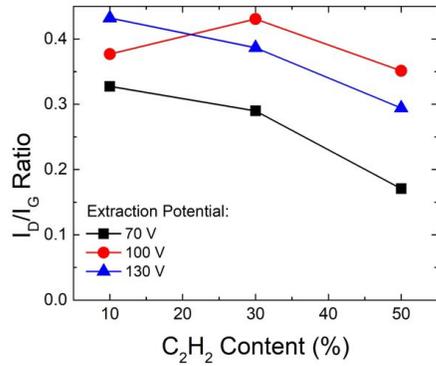


Figure 6. G positions and  $I_D/I_G$  ratios calculated from the deconvoluted D and G peaks acquired from the Raman spectra of films illuminated using UV light.

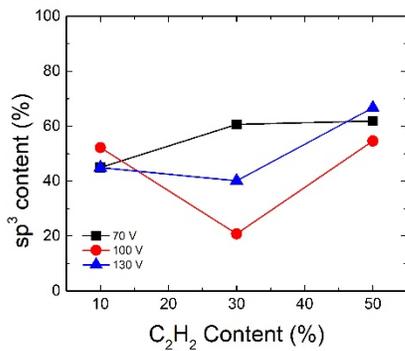


Figure 7. Calculated  $sp^3$  fraction using the model (Eq. 2.5) derived by Cui et al. (2010) from the  $I_D/I_G$  ratios and G positions of deconvoluted D and G peaks obtained from visible and UV Raman spectroscopy.

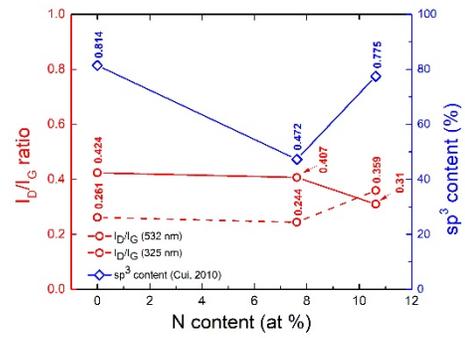


Figure 8. The variation of the G position and  $I_D/I_G$  from the obtained D and G peak deconvolution for N-doped and undoped samples.

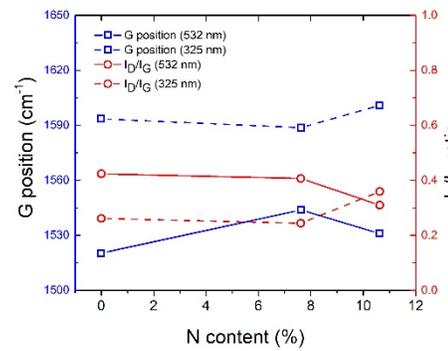


Figure 9. The variation of  $sp^3$  content obtained empirically by (Cui et al., 2010) for N-doped and undoped samples.

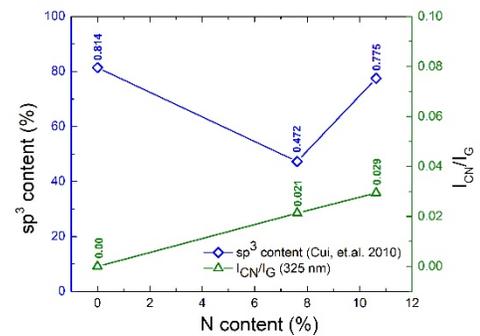


Figure 9. The variation of the  $I_{CN}/I_G$  and  $sp^3$  content for N-doped samples