

# Electrical Side-Gate Control of Magnetic Anisotropy in a Composite Multiferroic

**K. Johnson**,<sup>1,+</sup> **K. Collins**,<sup>2</sup> **M. Newburger**,<sup>2</sup> **M. Page**,<sup>2</sup> **R. Kawakami**<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> *Department of Physics, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio 43210, United States*

<sup>2</sup> *Materials and Manufacturing Directorate, Air Force Research Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio 45433, USA*

Composite multiferroics consisting of a ferroelectric material interfaced with a ferromagnetic material can function above room temperature and exhibit improved magnetoelectric (ME) coupling compared to single-phase multiferroic materials, making them desirable for applications in energy-efficient electronic devices. This work studies the coupling between molecular beam epitaxy grown ferromagnets in a multiferroic heterostructure. The electrical control of magnetoresistance and magnetic anisotropy of single-crystalline  $\text{Fe}_{0.75}\text{Co}_{0.25}$  on PMN-PT(001) is investigated using a side-gate geometry. Angle-dependent magnetoresistance scans reveal that the origin of this effect is strain-mediated magnetoelectric coupling. This electrical control of magnetic properties could serve as a building block for future magnetoelectronic and magnonic devices.

+ Author for correspondence: [robinson.1971@buckeyemail.osu.edu](mailto:robinson.1971@buckeyemail.osu.edu)